which benefits any private shareholder or individual;

- (2) Is legally authorized to operate as a nonprofit organization by each State in which it is physically located; and
- (3) Is determined by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service to be an organization to which contributions are tax-deductible in accordance with section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3)).

One-academic-year training program: An educational program that is at least one academic year as defined under 34 CFR 668.2.

Preaccredited: A status that a nationally recognized accrediting agency, recognized by the Secretary to grant that status, has accorded an unaccredited public or private non-profit institution that is progressing toward accreditation within a reasonable period of time.

Recognized equivalent of a high school diploma: The following are the equivalent of a high school diploma—

- (1) A General Education Development Certificate (GED):
- (2) A State certificate received by a student after the student has passed a State-authorized examination that the State recognizes as the equivalent of a high school diploma;
- (3) An academic transcript of a student who has successfully completed at least a two-year program that is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's degree; or
- (4) For a person who is seeking enrollment in an educational program that leads to at least an associate degree or its equivalent and who has not completed high school but who excelled academically in high school, documentation that the student excelled academically in high school and has met the formalized, written policies of the institution for admitting such students.

Recognized occupation: An occupation that is—

- (1) Listed in an "occupational division" of the latest edition of the *Dictionary of Occupational Titles*, published by the U.S. Department of Labor; or
- (2) Determined by the Secretary in consultation with the Secretary of Labor to be a recognized occupation.

Regular student: A person who is enrolled or accepted for enrollment at an institution for the purpose of obtaining a degree, certificate, or other recognized educational credential offered by that institution.

Secretary: The Secretary of the Department of Education or an official or employee of the Department of Education acting for the Secretary under a delegation of authority.

State: A State of the Union, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, Guam, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau. The latter three are also known as the Freely Associated States.

Telecommunications course: A course offered in an award year principally through the use of television, audio, or computer transmission, including open broadcast, closed circuit, cable, microwave, or satellite, audio conferencing, computer conferencing, or video cassettes or discs. The term does not include a course that is delivered using video cassettes or disc recordings unless that course is delivered to students physically attending classes at an institution providing the course during the same award year. If the course does not qualify as a telecommunications course it is considered to be a correspondence course, as provided for in paragraph (c) of the definition of correspondence course in this section.

Title IV, HEA program: Any of the student financial assistance programs listed in 34 CFR 668.1(c).

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1071 *et seq.*, 1078–2, 1088, 1099b, 1099c, and 1141 and 26 U.S.C. 501(c).)

[59 FR 22336, Apr. 29, 1994, as amended at 63 FR 40622, July 29, 1998; 64 FR 58615, Oct. 29, 1999]

§600.3 [Reserved]

§ 600.4 Institution of higher education.

- (a) An institution of higher education is a public or private nonprofit educational institution that—
- (1) Is in a State, or for purposes of the Federal Pell Grant, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity

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Grant, Federal Work-Study, and Federal TRIO programs may also be located in the Federated States of Micronesia or the Marshall Islands;

- (2) Admits as regular students only persons who—
 - (i) Have a high school diploma;
- (ii) Have the recognized equivalent of a high school diploma; or
- (iii) Are beyond the age of compulsory school attendance in the State in which the institution is physically located;
- (3) Is legally authorized to provide an educational program beyond secondary education in the State in which the institution is physically located;
- (4) Provides an educational program—
- (i) For which it awards an associate, baccalaureate, graduate, or professional degree;
- (ii) That is at least a two-academicyear program acceptable for full credit toward a baccalaureate degree; or
- (iii) That is at least a one-academicyear training program that leads to a certificate, degree, or other recognized educational credential and prepares students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; and
 - (5) Is-
 - (i) Accredited or preaccredited; or
- (ii) Approved by a State agency listed in the FEDERAL REGISTER in accordance with 34 CFR part 603, if the institution is a public postsecondary vocational educational institution that seeks to participate only in Federal student assistance programs.
- (b) An institution is physically located in a State if it has a campus or other instructional site in that State.
- (c) The Secretary does not recognize the accreditation or preaccreditation of an institution unless the institution agrees to submit any dispute involving the final denial, withdrawal, or termination of accreditation to initial arbitration before initiating any other legal action.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1094, 1099b, and 1141(a)) [59 FR 22336, Apr. 29, 1994, as amended at 64 FR 58615, Oct. 29, 1999

§ 600.5 Proprietary institution of higher education.

- (a) A proprietary institution of higher education is an educational institution that—
- (1) Is not a public or private non-profit educational institution;
 - (2) Is in a State:
- (3) Admits as regular students only persons who—
 - (i) Have a high school diploma;
- (ii) Have the recognized equivalent of a high school diploma; or
- (iii) Are beyond the age of compulsory school attendance in the State in which the institution is physically located:
- (4) Is legally authorized to provide an educational program beyond secondary education in the State in which the institution is physically located;
- (5) Provides an eligible program of training, as defined in 34 CFR 668.8, to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation;
 - (6) Is accredited;
- (7) Has been in existence for at least two years; and
- (8) Has no more than 90 percent of its revenues derived from title IV, HEA program funds, as determined under paragraph (d) of this section.
- (b) (1) The Secretary considers an institution to have been in existence for two years only if—
- (i) The institution has been legally authorized to provide, and has provided, a continuous educational program to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation during the 24 months preceding the date of its eligibility application; and
- (ii) The educational program that the institution provides on the date of its eligibility application is substantially the same in length and subject matter as the program that the institution provided during the 24 months preceding the date of its eligibility application.
- (2)(i) The Secretary considers an institution to have provided a continuous educational program during the 24 months preceding the date of its eligibility application even if the institution did not provide that program during normal vacation periods, or periods